

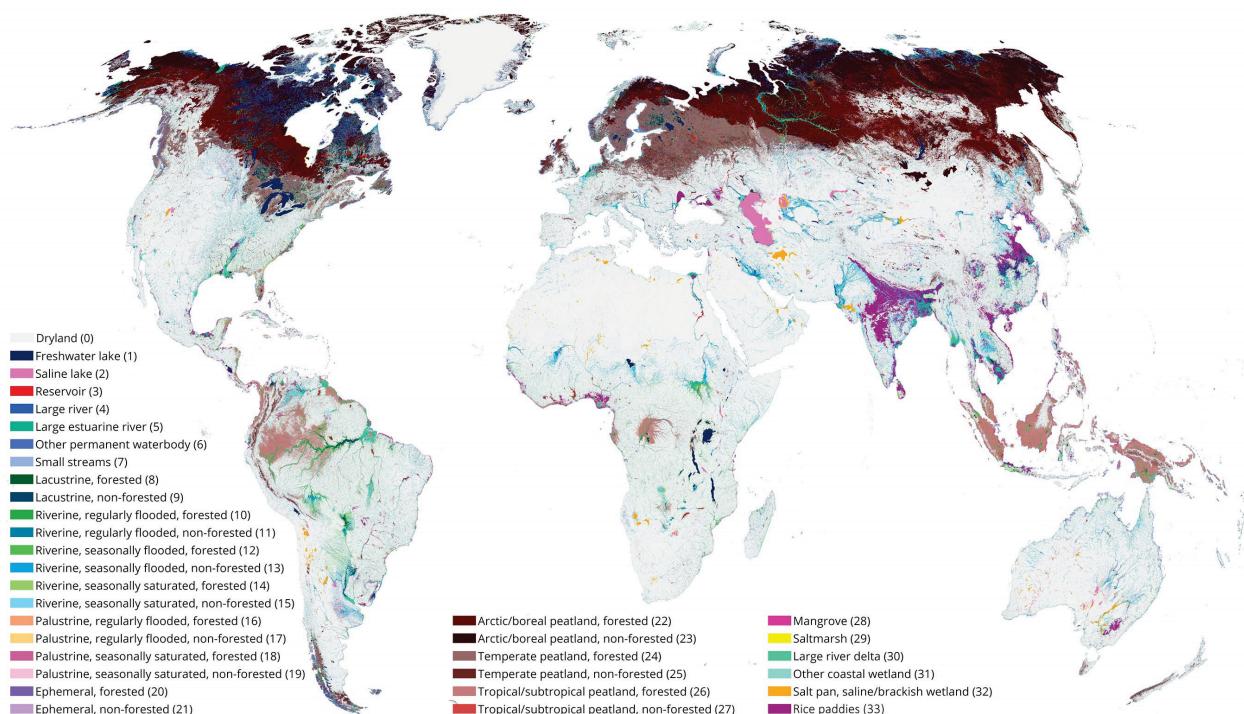
Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD)

*A global harmonized database of the extent of lakes, rivers, and wetlands
at 15 arc-second resolution*

Technical Documentation Version 2.0

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1. Background and introduction

In recognition of the importance of inland waters, numerous datasets have been created to map the extents, types, or changes in surface water and wetland areas from digitized historic maps to real-time satellite remote sensing imagery. However, differences in definitions and methods lead to spatial and typological inconsistencies among individual data sources, complicating their complimentary use. The Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD; Lehner and Döll 2004), with its globally seamless gridded depiction of major vegetated and non-vegetated inland aquatic classes, has emerged over the last decades as a foundational reference map to serve a broad range of applications, from land surface and hydrological modeling to freshwater conservation planning and assessments of biodiversity, ecosystem services, greenhouse gas emissions, and human and environmental health.

Here, we present a new iteration of this map, termed GLWD version 2, created by harmonizing and integrating newly available ground- and satellite-based data products. Following the same design principles as its predecessor, the classification of GLWD v2 aims to avoid double-counting of surface water features while differentiating between natural and non-natural lakes, rivers of multiple sizes, and distinguishing several other wetland types by incorporating information on seasonality (permanent vs. intermittent vs. ephemeral); inundation vs. saturation; vegetation cover (forested vs. non-forested); salinity; natural vs. non-natural origins; and a stratification of landscape position and water source (riverine, lacustrine, palustrine, coastal/marine). GLWD v2 represents a total of 18.2 million km² of wetlands (13.4% of the global land area excluding Antarctica) classified into 33 types at a grid cell resolution of 15 arc-seconds (approximately 500 m at the equator). The updated GLWD v2 offers an improved baseline representation of inland water extents, their types, and intrinsic temporal dynamics representing contemporary conditions. GLWD v2 is tailored towards hydrological, ecological, biogeochemical, and conservation applications, aiming to support the study and protection of aquatic ecosystems around the world.

The development and characteristics of GLWD v2.0 are fully described in Lehner et al. (2025). Citations and acknowledgements of the database should be made as follows:

Lehner, B., Anand, M., Fluet-Chouinard, E., Tan, F., Aires, F., Allen, G.H., Bousquet, P., Canadell, J.G., Davidson, N., Ding, M., Finlayson, C.M., Gumbrecht, T., Hilarides, L., Hugelius, G., Jackson, R.B., Korver, M.C., Liu, L., McIntyre, P.B., Matthews, E., Nagy, S., Olefeldt, D., Pavelsky, T.M., Pekel, J.-F., Poulter, B., Prigent, C., Wang, J., Worthington, T.A., Yamazaki, D., Zhang, X., Thieme, M. (2025). Mapping the world's inland surface waters: an upgrade to the Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD v2). Earth System Science Data. [For journal volume, pages, and DOI see reference information at <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.28519994>]

2. Methods

The methods and workflows used to create GLWD v2 are fully described in Lehner et al. (2025). The guiding principle for creating GLWD v2 was to consolidate and harmonize—without duplication—all input data sources to produce a versatile global map of wetland types that is meaningful for a broad spectrum of applications. Results are provided as a series of grids with a target cell size of 15 arc-seconds (i.e., approximately 500 m at the equator) which was chosen as a compromise between the spatial resolution of existing input data sources, computational demands, and ease of use for global applications. The classification scheme of GLWD v2 (see table below) is designed to be manageable (i.e., limited to a reasonable number of classes), deterministic rather than statistically derived, and representative of the needs of various research fields and disciplines. Each of the 33 wetland classes is provided as an individual global map depicting the extent of the respective class as sub-cell fractions. The 33 maps were then combined to derive the total global wetland extent and to identify the dominant wetland class per grid cell.

The 33 lake, river, and wetland classes of GLWD v2 are defined as follows (incl. '00' for dryland):

ID	Class name
01	Freshwater lake
02	Saline lake
03	Reservoir
04	Large river
05	Large estuarine river
06	Other permanent waterbody
07	Small streams
08	Lacustrine, forested
09	Lacustrine, non-forested
10	Riverine, regularly flooded, forested
11	Riverine, regularly flooded, non-forested
12	Riverine, seasonally flooded, forested
13	Riverine, seasonally flooded, non-forested
14	Riverine, seasonally saturated, forested
15	Riverine, seasonally saturated, non-forested
16	Palustrine, regularly flooded, forested
17	Palustrine, regularly flooded, non-forested
18	Palustrine, seasonally saturated, forested
19	Palustrine, seasonally saturated, non-forested
20	Ephemeral, forested
21	Ephemeral, non-forested
22	Arctic/boreal peatland, forested
23	Arctic/boreal peatland, non-forested
24	Temperate peatland, forested
25	Temperate peatland, non-forested
26	Tropical/subtropical peatland, forested
27	Tropical/subtropical peatland, non-forested
28	Mangrove
29	Saltmarsh
30	Large river delta
31	Other coastal wetland
32	Salt pan, saline/brackish wetland
33	Rice paddies
00	Dryland (non-wetland)

3. Data format and distribution

a) Data format, resolution, extent, and projection

Version 2 of the Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD) is publicly available for download from the HydroSHEDS website at <https://www.hydrosheds.org/products/glwd>. All data layers are provided as

grids at 15 arc-second resolution and global extent (excluding Antarctica), i.e., covering an area from 180° West to 180° East and from 56° South to 84° North. All grids are available in both ESRI© Geodatabase and GeoTIFF formats. The data are projected in a Geographic Coordinate System using the World Geodetic System 1984 (GCS_WGS_1984). GLWD v2 data are available electronically in compressed zip file format. To use the data files, the zip files must first be decompressed. Each zip file includes a copy of the GLWD Technical Documentation and a table containing the legend information (ID and class name) in .csv format.

b) Layer names and content

GLWD v2 data can be downloaded in three separate zip-files, each prepared both in Geodatabase and GeoTIFF format. Each zip-file in Geodatabase format contains one geodatabase which stores multiple grids; each zip-file in GeoTIFF format contains one folder which stores multiple grids.

- **GLWD_v2_0_area_by_class_ha (either Geodatabase or GeoTIFF folder)**

Contains all 33 wetland classes (plus drylands) as individual grids showing the extent of the wetland class per pixel in absolute area (i.e., hectares times 10). Individual grid names and contents are:

- **GLWD_v2_0_class_[01...33]_ha_x10**
absolute area of wetland class, in hectares times 10 (i.e., value 15 means 1.5 ha)
 - **GLWD_v2_0_class_00_ha_x10**
absolute area of dryland (non-wetland) class, in hectares times 10 (i.e., value 15 means 1.5 ha)

- **GLWD_v2_0_area_by_class_pct (either Geodatabase or GeoTIFF folder)**

Contains all 33 wetland classes (plus drylands) as individual grids showing the extent of the wetland class per pixel in relative area (i.e., percent of pixel area). Individual grid names and contents are:

- **GLWD_v2_0_class_[01...33]_pct**
relative area of wetland class, in percent of pixel area
 - **GLWD_v2_0_class_00_pct**
relative area of dryland (non-wetland) class, in percent of pixel area

- **GLWD_v2_0_combined_classes (either Geodatabase or GeoTIFF folder)**

Contains several global grids assembled by combining all 33 wetland grids. Individual grid names and contents are:

- **GLWD_v2_0_area_ha_x10**
absolute area of all wetland classes combined, in hectares times 10 (i.e., value 15 means 1.5 ha)
 - **GLWD_v2_0_area_pct**
relative area of all wetland classes combined, in percent of pixel area
 - **GLWD_v2_0_main_class**
dominant wetland class within pixel (in cases of ties, the lower wetland class is chosen); value 0 indicates inland pixels without any wetland coverage
 - **GLWD_v2_0_main_class_50pct**
dominant wetland class within pixel, only for pixels where the total wetland extent exceeds 50% (in cases of ties, the lower wetland class is chosen); value 0 indicates inland pixels where dryland (non-wetland) dominates

4. License, disclaimer and acknowledgement

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4.4 Citations and acknowledgements

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Citations and acknowledgements of the Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD), version 2, should be made as follows:

Lehner, B., Anand, M., Fluet-Chouinard, E., Tan, F., Aires, F., Allen, G.H., Bousquet, P., Canadell, J.G., Davidson, N., Ding, M., Finlayson, C.M., Gumbrecht, T., Hilarides, L., Hugelius, G., Jackson, R.B., Korver, M.C., Liu, L., McIntyre, P.B., Matthews, E., Nagy, S., Olefeldt, D., Pavelsky, T.M., Pekel, J.-F., Poulter, B., Prigent, C., Wang, J., Worthington, T.A., Yamazaki, D., Zhang, X., Thieme, M. (2025). Mapping the world's inland surface waters: an upgrade to the Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD v2). Earth System Science Data. [For journal volume, pages, and DOI see updated reference information at <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.28519994>]

We kindly ask users to cite the Global Lakes and Wetlands Database (GLWD) in any published material produced using the data. If possible, online links to the GLWD website should be provided (<https://www.hydrosheds.org/products/glwd>).

5. References

Lehner, B., Döll, P. (2004). Development and validation of a global database of lakes, reservoirs and wetlands. *Journal of Hydrology* 296(1-4): 1-22. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhydrol.2004.03.028>